**The Annotated Bibliography**

For your research paper, you will need to annotate five of your sources. Your annotated bibliography will need to be typed, 12 font.

For each source, you should:

* Provide a works cited entry for the source plus a paragraph that:
* Identify the source and briefly summarize (is it primary or secondary, what are the writer’s credentials and what is the book about)
* Identify evidence type and use
* Identify how you found it (library search engine, Google search, Google scholar search, etc)

**Examples:**

Abe, H. N. From Stereotype to Context: The Study of Japanese Women’s Speech. *Feminist*

*Studies*, Faber and Faber: 1995. 21(3), 647-671.

Secondary source. Abe, a linguist and professor at Yale University, discusses the roots of Japanese women’s language, beginning in ancient Japan and continuing into modern times. I use quotations from this article to expand on the format of women’s language and the consequences of its use. I also cite from a firsthand account, a woman Abe interviews. I found the source via Google scholar.

Loew, Patty. *Indian Nations of Wisconsin: Histories of Endurance and Renewal.* Madison:

Wisconsin Historical Society Press, 2001.

 Secondary source. Professor Loew, a member of the Ojibwe tribe, presents

 Wisconsin history from a Native point of view. I will be using Loew’s

 interviews to support my claims of education changing lives. I found the

 source via the library’s search engine.

Wildcat, Daniel R. “Practical Professional Indigenous Education.” *Power and Place: Indian Education in America.* Comp. Vine Deloria, Jr., and Daniel R. Wildcat. Golden: Fulcrum, 2001. 113-21.

Secondary source. This book compares and contrasts the “Western” idea of education with Native American beliefs, showing where the “holes” are in today’s educational policies. Daniel Wildcat is a historian and educator at UCLA. I will use quotations from Wildcat’s chapter to demonstrate the argument of education only being useful when it is applied. I found the source through a public library search.

Note:

***Primary Source:*** A firsthand account written by an eyewitness or a participant.

***Secondary Source:***  An analysis of information in one or more primary sources.