Water and Hygiene

Ashford University

ENG122: English Composition II

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OUTLINE: Water and Hygiene

1. Introduction. - Introduces the topic of the study and argumentized response to the research questions.

2. Personal experience on the topic- Explains the research based on personal experience towards the topic.

3. Existed information about the topic- Use of articles in proving of the topics and personal findings.

4. Discovering different viewpoints on the topics- Arguing based on the different ways of approaching the topic.

5. Conclusion- brief summary of the argument.

Water and Hygiene

**Introduction**

Over 1.8 billion people in the world use water that is contaminated, and through narrowing down to a specific population, the outcome is wanting. When water and hygiene are considered a success factor in a place, this means that people are enjoying the fruits of clean water,which is not contaminated. However, there are some states which do not fully issue the freshwaterto the people (Fuller&Eisenberg 2016). The leaders usually hold meetings to try and help some states recover from the blow of water contamination and bad water hygiene. Through narrowing the research down to Flint, Michigan, the state has a significantcauseofwater crisis in that people suffer fromwrong political decisions and shared economic history currying forward to the crisis.

The paper will explain the personal experiment on the topic, existed information about the issue, and discovering of all viewpoints of the on the matter.The paper will include an in-depthanalysis of the issues at hand based on the topic.

**Personal experience on the topic**

Michigan has been on the trending topic revolving around contamination of water by lead, and people have protested to the government to sort out the matter. Through the interaction with the people of Michigan, the water problem is a common thing since 2014, and by information gathering on different people fromdifferenthouseholds has led to the conclusion that Michigan’s’ people are suffering(Olson et al., 2017). The level of water contamination is adverse and almost beyondthe redemption level.

**Existed InformationAbout the Topic**

Water security has been on the rise in Flint town, where the contamination of water is on the next level. The water in Flint contains lead,which makes it hard for over 35 % of the household unable to afford water. Until now, the human rights struggle for water is still pushing the United States government to help them handle the problem (Wang et al., 2019). Water asa humanrighthas forced individuals in the state to protest to the government claiming their rights to clean and healthy water. Nadia Gaber (2019) talks about how the state has tumbled in terms of water hygiene representations by the local and international government; this shows that the problem has been there since and people have failed drastically in solving them out.

**Discovering Different Viewpoints on The Topic**

Water and hygiene revolve around the environmental factors or the human activities in place,andthorough research,knowing the actual cause of water problem and contamination help20 % in solving the matter at hand. Hutton & Chase (2017) noted that the contamination of water directly impacts the lives of people towards health due to the increase in deceases caused bypollution (Hutton & Chase 2017).Nadia Gaber (2019) also brings out the political way of how water contamination was brought forward to Michigan. Improvement of the town water systems has failed, and politically viewing the issue makes it hard for the people in Michigan to have clean water soon (Gaber 2019).

**Conclusion**

To talk about water and hygiene, then there should be a history explaining the causes of the problem that brings forth the challenges. Clean water availability is crucial to people on the day to day usage. Also, freshwater brings about the aspects of the low level of diseases, and in Michigan, the instance has worsened up due to the contamination of water (Hutton & Chase 2017).

References

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Olson, T. M., Wax, M., Yonts, J., Heidecorn, K., Haig, S. J., Yeoman, D., ... & Ellis, B. R. (2017). Forensic estimates of lead release from lead service lines during the water crisis in Flint, Michigan. *Environmental Science & Technology Letters*, *4*(9), 356-361.

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