PSY 645 Week 3

Required Resources

Texts

Akhtar, S. (2009). *Turning points in dynamic psychotherapy: Initial assessment, boundaries, money, disruptions and suicidal crises*. Retrieved from http://www.ebrary.com

* Chapter 2: Boundaries (pp. 41-67)
* The full text version of this e-book is located in the Ashford University Library ebrary database and is available to read online. Please be aware that checking this item out of the library may prevent other users from accessing it. This chapter covers personal, cultural, and psychic boundaries in psychotherapy.

Morrison, J. (2014). [*DSM-5 made easy: The clinician’s guide to diagnosis*](https://ashford.instructure.com/courses/80685/modules/items/4082585). New York, NY: The Guilford Press. Retrieved from https://redshelf.com

* Chapter 8: Somatic Symptom and Related Disorders
* Chapter 12: Sexual Dysfunctions
* Chapter 13: Gender Dysphoria

Tasman, A., Kay, J., & Ursano, R. J. (2013). *The psychiatric interview: Evaluation and diagnosis*.Chichester, England: John Wiley & Sons. Retrieved from http://www.ebrary.com

* Chapter 5: Psychiatric Interviews: Special Populations (pp. 103-133)
* The full text version of this e-book is located in the Ashford University Library ebrary database and is available to read online. Please be aware that checking this item out of the library may prevent other users from accessing it. This chapter covers cultural considerations when conducting an initial interview.

Articles

American Psychological Association. (2012). Guidelines for psychological practice with lesbian, gay, and bisexual clients. (2012). *American Psychologist*, *67*(1), 10–42. doi:10.1037/a0024659

* The full-text version of this article can be accessed through the EBSCOhost database in the Ashford University Library. The American Psychological Association’s guidelines provide information on competent and affirmative practices when working with people who identify as lesbian, gay, or bisexual.

American Psychological Association. (2002). [Guidelines on multicultural education, training, research, practice, and organizational change for psychologists (Links to an external site.)](http://www.apa.org/pi/oema/resources/policy/multicultural-guideline.pdf) [PDF]. Retrieved from

* The American Psychological Association’s Guidelines 1, 2, and 5 provide information on culturally sensitive and responsive practices in psychology.

American Psychological Association. (2009). [Report of the American Psychological Association’s task force on appropriate therapeutic responses to sexual orientation (Links to an external site.)](http://www.apa.org/pi/lgbt/resources/therapeutic-response.pdf) [PDF]. Retrieved from http://www.apa.org/pi/lgbt/resources/therapeutic-response.pdf

* This is the seminal white paper that discredited sexual orientation change efforts, also commonly known as reparative therapy or conversion therapy. Pages 1 to 7 of this report will be useful in the completion of the discussion this week.

Kamens, S. R. (2011). On the proposed sexual and gender identity diagnoses for DSM-5: History and controversies. *Humanistic Psychologist, 39*(1), 37-59. doi:10.1080/08873267.2011.539935.

* The full-text version of this article can be accessed through the EBSCOhost database in the Ashford University Library. The author of this article provides a historical context for the exclusion of gender identity disorder and the inclusion of gender dysphoria in the DSM-5.

Tseng, W. S. (2006). From peculiar psychiatric disorders through culture-bound syndromes to culture-related specific syndromes.*Transcultural Psychiatry, 43*(4), 554-576. doi:10.1177/1363461506070781

* The full-text version of this article can be accessed through the Sage Journals database in the Ashford University Library. The author of this article describes many syndromes and symptoms that appear to be found only in specific cultures.